

28. Ireland 77.50

Population	5.3 million
Area (km²)	70.3 thousand
GDP per capita (\$)	124.9 thousand

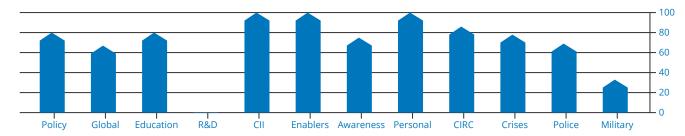
RANKING TIMELINE

NCSI DEVELOPMENT TIMELINE





NCSI FULFILMENT PERCENTAGE



STRATEGIC CYBERSECURITY INDICATORS

1. CYBERSECURITY POLICY	•12		12-(15) (80%)
1.1. High-level cybersecurity leadership	•	3	• •
1.2. Cybersecurity policy development	•	3	
1.3. Cybersecurity policy coordination	0	3	
1.4. National cybersecurity strategy	•	3	
1.5. National cybersecurity strategy action plan	•	3	
2. GLOBAL CYBERSECURITY CONTRIBUTION	•	4	6 (67%)
2.1. Cyber diplomacy engagements	•	3	
2.2. Commitment to international law in cyberspace	•	1	
2.3. Contribution to international capacity building in cybersecurity	0	2	
3. EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT	•		8 10 (80%)
3.1. Cyber safety competencies in primary education	0	2	-
3.2. Cyber safety competencies in secondary education	•	2	
3.3. Undergraduate cybersecurity education	•	2	
3.4. Graduate cybersecurity education	•	3	
3.5. Association of cybersecurity professionals	•	1	
4. CYBERSECURITY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	0		(0%)
4.1. Cybersecurity research and development programmes	0	2	-
4.2. Cybersecurity doctoral studies	0	2	

PREVENTIVE CYBERSECURITY INDICATORS

5. CYBERSECURITY OF CRITICAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE	•		12 (100%)
5.1. Identification of critical information infrastructure	•	3	
5.2. Cybersecurity requirements for operators of critical information	•	3	
nfrastructure			
5.3. Cybersecurity requirements for public sector organisations	•	3	
5.4. Competent supervisory authority	•	3	
5. CYBERSECURITY OF DIGITAL ENABLERS	•		(100%)
5.1. Secure electronic identification	•	2	
5.2. Electronic signature	•	2	
5.3. Trust services	•	2	
5.4. Supervisory authority for trust services	•	2	
5.5. Cybersecurity requirements for cloud services	•	2	
5.6. Supply chain cybersecurity	•	2	
7. CYBER THREAT ANALYSIS AND AWARENESS RAISING	•		(12) (75%)
7.1. Cyber threat analysis	0	3	
7.2. Public cyber threat reports	•	3	
7.3. Public cybersecurity awareness resources	•	3	
.4. Cybersecurity awareness raising coordination	•	3	
3. PROTECTION OF PERSONAL DATA	•		4 (100%)
3.1. Personal data protection legislation		2	
3.2. Personal data protection authority	•	2	
RESPONSIVE CYBERSECURITY INDICATORS			
O. CYBER INCIDENT RESPONSE	•		—12 —14 (86%)
1. National incident response capacity	•	3	
2. Incident reporting obligations	•	3	
.3. Cyber incident reporting tool	0	2	
0.4. Single point of contact for international cooperation	•	3	
9.5. Participation in international incident response cooperation	•	3	
IO. CYBER CRISIS MANAGEMENT	•	(7—9 (78%)
0.1. Cyber crisis management plan	•	2	
0.2. National cyber crisis management exercises	•	3	
0.3. Participation in international cyber crisis exercises	•	2	
0.4. Operational crisis reserve	0	2	
1. FIGHT AGAINST CYBERCRIME	•	1	(16) (69%)
11.1. Cybercrime offences in national law	•	3	Ŭ
1.2. Procedural law provisions	•	3	
1.3. Ratification of or accession to the Convention on Cybercrime	0	2	
1.4. Cybercrime investigation capacity	•	3	
1.5. Digital forensics capacity	•	2	
1.6. 24/7 contact point for international cybercrime	0	3	
2. MILITARY CYBER DEFENCE	•	-0	<u> </u>
12.1. Military cyber defence capacity	0	2	
	3	<u> </u>	
12.2. Military cyber doctrine	0	2	



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